**Unit 12 Life is full of the unexpected.**

**Written test part (共95分)**

**Ⅴ. 单项选择(每小题1分， 共15分)**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

(    )21. Paul, you are out of line. You should stand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ line with others.

A. at B. for                 C. in        D. of

(    )22. Sorry, sir! Dr. Ding has lots of patients today. I'm afraid you'll have to wait

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5:00 p.m.

A. since    B. during        C. past             D. till

(    )23. The car accident was serious, but luckily, the driver is still \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. asleep           B. alive               C. awake        D. alone

(    )24. Although there were many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ difficulties, the learners managed to do

their research on the lonely island.

A. unexpected B. unimportant   C. unnecessary  D. unfair

(    )25. Scientists have made a new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that is very important to the progress of

science and technology.

A. introduction  B. request     C. mistake      D. discovery

(    )26. My father had planned to take me to Shanghai Disneyland, but he was too

busy and had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. cancel      B. mention   C. value        D. announce

(    )27. He watched the flying object until it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ behind the nearest mountain.

A. spread      B. disappeared   C. increased         D. disagreed

(    )28. Just now my friend kept \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the matter to me. It drove me mad.

A. to explain    B. explaining     C. explain D. explained

(    )29. Peter moved to Dalian two years ago and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there since then.

A. has lived  B. lived    C. lives        D. had lived

(    )30. Linda likes collecting stamps and by the end of last year she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about

2,000 stamps.

A. would collect      B. was collecting

C. has collected    D. had collected

(    )31. I felt bored with the game and was about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when something

interesting caught my attention.

A. left    B. leave C. leaving      D. to leave

(    )32. My parents had no time to travel with me so I ended up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the holiday

at home.

A. spend      B. to spend   C. spending      D. spent

(    )33. The tickets to the football game are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. There are no more left.

A. sold out    B. cut out   C. left out      D. worked out

(    )34. David was supposed to arrive at 7:30, but he didn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. look up      B. hurry up   C. show up          D. grow up

(    )35. —Alice seems to be upset. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—The movie *Hello Mr. Billionaire* will start soon but she hasn't found her

ticket.

A. What made her excited B. Why did she think so

C. What happened to her D. How did she feel

**Ⅵ. 完形填空(每小题1分，共10分)**

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

It was a Sunday morning. My parents went to attend the marriage celebration of one of my relatives in the next village. I did not go with   36   because I wanted to prepare for my tests at home. But I was expected to attend the feast (宴会) at 1:00 p.m.

At about 11:00 in the morning my   37   came. My parents were absent so I had to treat him myself. I went to the kitchen and   38   the biscuits. But I couldn't find them. I also tried to   39   a cup of tea for him. But there was no milk. I went to my neighbor's house and borrowed some milk. But   40   I added salt instead of sugar. When I offered the cup of tea to my uncle, he gladly accepted it. Then I   41   my mistake when he asked for sugar for the tea. I couldn't find the sugar. So   42   I rushed to my neighbor's house for it.

After the   43  , my uncle left. It was time for me to go and attend the feast. However, when I went to get my bike, I found that it had a flat tire (瘪了的轮胎). I thought of borrowing the neighbor's bike, but I felt   44   to request him for the third time.   45   I decided to go there on foot. However, by the time I got there, the feast was already over. I told my parents everything and they pitied me for my bad day.

(    )36. A. him B. her   C. it    D. them

(    )37. A. friend        B. grandfather  C. uncle          D. neighbor

(    )38. A. waited for    B. paid for     C. searched for  D. cared for

(    )39. A. drink        B. prepare C. borrow      D. buy

(    )40. A. by mistake   B. in person    C. for example    D. in total

(    )41. A. remembered  B. recalled    C. realized         D. repeated

(    )42. A. only          B. again        C. also        D. yet

(    )43. A. tea            B. lunch        C. test        D. show

(    )44. A. angry      B. happy      C. interested    D. embarrassed

(    )45. A. But        B. Or   C. So            D. Though

**Ⅶ. 情景交际(每小题1分，共5分)**

根据对话内容，从方框中选择恰当的选项补全对话，其中有两项多余。

A: Hi, Linda! How did your interview go?

B: It was bad, Jenny.

A: (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Well, Susie let me borrow her car but it ran out of gas (汽油) on the highway.

A: Oh, no.

B: (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: He was so careless!

B: Yes. So I was late for the interview, and I smelled like gas!

A: (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes! During the interview, I was really nervous. I said the wrong things.

A: (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: I said, “I can use the copy machine and make coffees.” I meant “copies,” not “coffees”.

A: Oh, sorry.

B: (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ But I'm not surprised.

(*At this time Linda's phone rings.*)

B: (*on the phone*) “Hello? Yes, this is Linda. Really? Yes, I would love to! OK. Goodbye.” (*She said to Jenny*) I got the job!

A: Congratulations (祝贺)!

|  |
| --- |
| A. Like what?  B. Why do you say so?  C. Did anything else happen?  D. Why didn't you call me for help?  E. What did you do on the highway?  F. So the company (公司) never called me.  G. A man stopped and helped me, but he spilled (洒出) gas on my skirt. |

**Ⅷ. 阅读理解(每小题2分，共30分)**

**A**

Dear Ms. Johnson,

How's it going? I'm Su Ping — your student from Beijing International School in China! All the students in my class miss you very much. Why did you have to go back to America? Our new English teacher is nice, but he's not as fun. He's always teaching us grammar! I really miss your classes, especially the games. Do you remember the time you stuck the names of celebrities (名人) on our backs, and we kept asking questions until we guessed who we were? After we guessed you told us to find our couple. It was really funny when Yang and Coco found out they were Donald and Daffy Duck. Coco was so embarrassed because Yang started singing a love song to her! The whole class was laughing!

I know you must be very busy in America, but I was hoping you could give me some advice. I want to know how to improve my English pronunciation over the next few weeks. The Spring Festival is coming in China, and my family will travel by train to visit my father's parents in Chengdu. It will be a long trip, so I'll have plenty of time to study. I really need to study more, because my pronunciation is not as good as most of my classmates. What should I do?

I'm looking forward to receiving your letter soon.

Best wishes.

Yours,

Su Ping

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )51. From the first paragraph, we can know Ms. Johnson \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. never teaches grammar

B. hopes to work in Beijing

C. is friends with many celebrities

D. is able to make her classes lively

(    )52. Su Ping writes the underlined sentence in order to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. show her anger

B. know why Ms. Johnson left

C. express how much she misses Ms. Johnson

D. question Ms. Johnson's decision to return to America

(    )53. When Yang started singing to Coco, she felt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. funny                  B. happy   C. surprised             D. embarrassed

(    )54. What is Su Ping weak at in English learning?

A. Reading.             B. Pronunciation.   C. Speaking.           D. Grammar.

(    )55. Su Ping will go to Chengdu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. on a train

B. to study English

C. with her grandparents

D. after the Spring Festival

**B**

When I was finishing secondary school before going to medical school, I was walking around the halls of my old school. The school was a small, poor place and there was only one building.

I already had the acceptance e-mail from the medical school. So I already had a plan in my head about how it would be going to the medical school. I'd wake up at 6:30 in the morning and get a 10 minute bus into the center of Glasgow (my home city), then get a 50 minute train to Edinburgh and from there walk 10 minutes to the medical school. I unluckily had to do so because I didn't have much money. I was the first in my family to go to university.

So, back to when I was walking through the halls one day. My head teacher was speaking to a woman. They were looking over to me and my head teacher pointed at me and asked me to come to her office. I went in and was introduced to the woman, Lisa. The head teacher explained that Lisa was a former (以前的) pupil of the school, and now she was a doctor. Lisa then went on to say that when she went to medical school from my own school she enjoyed it, but didn't have enough money to finish the last year. Luckily, a businessman helped her out.

She then explained she was setting up a scholarship (奖学金) for any student from her old school who was studying medicine (luckily only one, me!). I couldn't believe it. This woman wanted to help me through medical school!

Lisa still helps me. I'm in third year now and will hopefully become a doctor like her. And maybe one day I'll also be able to go back to my old school and help out a student just like she did!

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )56. Where did the story happen?

A. In a small and old secondary school.

B. In a small but new secondary school.

C. In a small and old medical school.

D. In a small but new medical school.

(    )57. How did the writer plan to go from Glasgow to Edinburgh?

A. On foot.                  B. By bike.

C. By bus.                   D. By train.

(    )58. Which of the following about Lisa is **TRUE**?

A. She was the head teacher's student.

B. She got help from a businessman.

C. She was the writer's teacher.

D. She used to live a rich life.

(    )59. What does the underlined word “it” in Paragraph 4 refer to?

A. Lisa was as poor as the writer.

B. Lisa knew the medical school well.

C. Lisa would help the writer to finish medical school.

D. Lisa ever studied at the same secondary school as the writer.

(    )60. Now the writer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. is a businessman

B. runs a scholarship

C. is a medical student

D. teaches in a medical school

**C**

**How to be happy being yourself**

It's easy to wish you looked like or acted like someone else.    61    The following can help you achieve that.

**●Love who you are**

Find what makes you unique (独一无二的) and wonderful. Start by making a list of all of the things you love about yourself. And appreciate (欣赏) them. Perhaps you speak four languages, can walk on your hands, or can easily make new friends.    62

**●Practice giving thanks in your daily life**

Actively giving thanks helps you know the wonderful people, things and chances in your life. Make a daily habit of giving thanks to those you love. Keep a diary and write everything that you're thankful for.    63    If you're feeling upset or down, try reading through the diary to cheer you up.

**●Fill your life with laughter**

Always leave some room for laughter in your daily life. No matter how hard your life may seem at a given moment, never forget to take a break to laugh. Tell a joke, watch a comedy, laugh at your mistakes, or just dance around like a fool. Laughter is contagious (传染的)!    64

**●Accept your faults**

Nobody is perfect and everyone has faults and weaknesses. So, why not accept them? Learn to forgive (宽恕) yourself.    65    But as soon as we realize that it was wrong and understand why we did it, it's time to let it go.

根据材料内容，将A—E 五个句子填入文中空白处，使材料完整、通顺，并将其标号填写在下面题号后的横线上。

|  |
| --- |
| A. Add one thing to your diary every day.  B. Not everyone can do that, but you can!  C. So be around people who love to laugh.  D. We've all done something we're less than proud of.  E. But no matter who you are, you can learn to be happy and satisfied with yourself. |

61. \_\_\_\_\_  62. \_\_\_\_\_  63. \_\_\_\_\_  64. \_\_\_\_\_  65. \_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅸ. 词汇运用(每小题1分，共5分)**

根据句意及括号内所给单词的提示填空。

66. Look! The building is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(burn). Please call 119.

67. Now there are lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(lady) dancing in the square.

68. Peter is honest so we all think he is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(believe).

69. This morning Mr. Lin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(oversleep) and he missed an important meeting.

70. Two police \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(officer) with guns stood outside the police station.

**Ⅹ. 完成句子(每小题1分，共5分)**

根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每空一词。

71. 当我爸爸到家时，我妹妹已经睡着了。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my father arrived at home, my sister had fallen

asleep.

72. 到上周末为止，Joe已经在上海呆了一个月了。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last week, Joe had been in Shanghai for one month.

73. 昨天回家的路上我捎了她一程。

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on my way home yesterday.

74. 刚才Karen和我一起排队等候买票。

Karen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me to buy tickets.

75. 你知道那次化装舞会是什么时候举办的吗？

Do you know when the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**Ⅺ. 综合填空(每小题1分，共10分)**

阅读短文，从方框中选择恰当的词并用其适当形式填空，使短文完整、通顺。每词限用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| miss, disappear, clear, because, without, why, window, sound, continue, he |

Late one night, Mr. Smith was woken up by a terrible noise in the street outside his house. It (76)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as if a fight was going on. Mr. Smith was so interested in it that he opened his (77)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and looked out. He saw two young men fighting outside his front door. But when they saw him, they went round the corner of the house and (78)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to shout and beat each other there.

Mr. Smith didn't want (79)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anything, so he decided to go out and take a look. As it was a cold night, he wrapped (用……包裹) (80)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a blanket (毯子) before he went out.

He walked to the corner of the house and saw the two men shouting and fighting there. Mr. Smith couldn't hear them (81)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so he went closer. But as soon as he was near the men, they stopped fighting, jumped at him, took his blanket, and (82)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the darkness.

Mr. Smith was too old to run after them, so he could do nothing but go back home (83)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his blanket.

“Well, (84)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were they fighting?” asked his wife.

“It seems that they were fighting for my blanket (85)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they stopped fighting as soon as they got it,” answered Mr. Smith.

**Ⅻ. 书面表达(15分)**

假如你是刘洁，今天倒霉的事情接二连三地让你撞上，使你心情很不爽，因此你想向你的美国笔友Alice诉说。请你根据以下提示给Alice发一封电子邮件说说你的倒霉事。

**要点提示：**1. What bad things happened to you?

          2. What was the result?

          3. How did you feel?

**要求：**不少于100 词，可适当发挥；电子邮件的格式、开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Alice,

I really had a bad day today!

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     What a bad day!

Yours,

Liu Jie

**答案**

Ⅴ. 21-25 CDBAD  26-30 ABBAD  31-35 DCACC

Ⅵ. 36-40 DCCBA  41-45 CBADC

Ⅶ. 46-50 BGCAF

Ⅷ. 51-55 DCDBA  56-60 ADBCC  61-65 EBACD

Ⅸ. 66. burning 67. ladies 68. believable  69. overslept  70. officers

Ⅹ. 71. By the time  72. By the end of  73. gave her a lift / ride

74. waited in line with 75. costume party took place / was held

Ⅺ. 76. sounded 77. window(s)  78. continued  79. to miss  80. himself

81. clearly  82. disappeared  83. without  84. why  85. because

Ⅻ. **One possible version:**

Dear Alice,

I really had a bad day today! This morning my alarm clock went off as usual. I thought it was the weekend. So I turned it off and went back to sleep. I woke up two hours later. But when I opened my eyes and saw my sports bag, I remembered I had planned to go running with Mary. In fact it was a school day today! So I rushed to school. Unluckily, I fell over and hurt my knees, so I had to walk to school slowly. But by the time I got to school, the math test during the first class was over. I was punished and had to copy the whole paper. I felt upset. What a bad day!

Yours,

Liu Jie

**部分解析**

**单项选择：**

21. C。本小题考查介词的固定搭配。in line with 是固定搭配，意为“与……成一排”，故选C。

22. D。本小题考查介词词义辨析。since意为“自……以来”；during意为“在……期间”；past意为“晚于；过(时间)”；till意为“直到”。根据“丁医生有很多病人”可知，恐怕你得一直等“到”下午五点，故选D。

23. B。本小题考查形容词词义辨析。asleep意为“睡着”；alive意为“活着”；awake意为“醒着”；alone意为“独自”。前一分句说车祸很严重，根据题干中的but luckily可知，后一分句与前一分句在语义上为转折关系，所以后一分句要表达的意思是司机还“活着”，故选B。

24. A。本小题考查形容词词义辨析。unexpected意为“出乎意料的；始料不及的”；unimportant意为“不重要的”；unnecessary意为“不必要的”；unfair意为“不公正的”。由although可知，后一分句与前一分句在语义上为转折关系，根据后一分句“但是学习者们设法在孤岛上做研究”可知，前一句表示“虽然”他们遇到了“出乎意料的”困难，故选A。

25. D。本小题考查名词词义辨析。introduction意为“介绍”；request意为“请求”；mistake意为“错误”；discovery意为“发现”。根据常识可知，新的“发现”对科学技术的进步很重要，故选D。

26. A。本小题考查动词词义辨析。cancel意为“取消”；mention意为“提到”；value意为“重视”；announce意为“宣布”。“我”爸爸本来打算带“我”去上海迪士尼，根据“他很忙”可知，他不得不“取消”此计划，故选A。

27. B。本小题考查动词词义辨析。spread意为“传播”；disappear意为“消失”；increase意为“增长；增加”；disagree意为“不同意”。题意：他注视着那个飞行物，直到它消失在最近的山背后。

28. B。本小题考查动词keep 的用法。keep后面接动词时用动词-ing形式，即keep doing sth.，意为“一直做某事”，故选B。

29. A。本小题考查动词的时态。时间状语since then表示“从过去某时间以来到现在”，常与现在完成时连用，故选A。

30. D。本小题考查动词的时态。the end of last year是过去的时间，“by+过去的时间”常与过去完成时连用，故选D。

31. D。本小题考查固定句型。sb. was about to do sth. when ... 是固定句型，意为“某人正要做某事，这时……”，故选D。

32. C。本小题考查短语动词end up的用法。end up意为“最终成为；最后处于”，后面接动词时用动词-ing形式，故选C。

33. A。本小题考查短语动词辨析。sell out意为“卖光”；cut out意为“删除；删去”；leave out意为“忽略；不提及；不包括；”；work out意为“成功地发展；解决”。根据“没有剩下的了”可知，足球赛的票“卖光”了，故选A。

34. C。本小题考查短语动词辨析。look up意为“抬头看”；hurry up意为“赶快”；show up意为“赶到；露面”；grow up意为“长大；成熟；成长”。David按理应该七点半到达，根据but可知，后一分句与前一分句在语义上为转折关系，所以应表达的是他没有“露面”，故选C。

35. C。本小题考查情景交际。What made her excited? 意为“是什么让她兴奋？”；Why did she think so? 意为“她为什么这样认为？”；What happened to her?意为“她出什么事了？”；How did she feel? 意为“她感觉如何？”。根据“Alice好像很烦”及“电影马上就要开始了，可是她还没找到电影票”可知，发话者是询问“她出什么事了”，故选C。

**完形填空：**

【**体裁**】记叙文

【**话题**】日常活动

【**大意**】作者讲述了自己一天的糟糕经历。

36. D。该空填them，指代上一句中的My parents。句意：“我”没有和他们一起去是因为“我”想在家备考。

37. C。由下文(该段倒数第四句)出现的my uncle可知答案。

38. C。由下一句But I couldn't find them可知作者是在“找”饼干。

39. B。由下一句But there was no milk可知作者想为叔叔“准备”一杯茶。

40. A。作者错把盐当糖加了进去，因此该空填by mistake，表示“错误地”。

41. C。当叔叔跟作者要糖的时候，作者“意识到”自己犯了错。

42. B。上文提到作者去邻居家借牛奶，因此该空填again，表示“又；再”。

43. A。第二段讲述了作者招待叔叔喝茶的过程，因此该空填tea。

44. D。上文提到作者两次去邻居家借东西，因此他不好意思再去第三次，他觉得“难堪”。

45. C。作者因为不好意思去借邻居的自行车，“因此”决定步行去那里。

**阅读理解：**

**A**

【**体裁**】应用文

【**话题**】语言学习

【**大意**】材料是中国学生写给她曾经的英语外教的一封信，寻求提高英语发音的建议。

51. D。本小题考查学生理解具体信息的能力。由第一段中的 ... but he's not as fun以及提到的课堂游戏例子可知答案。

52. C。本小题考查学生理解具体信息的能力。由第一段中的All the students in my class miss you very much以及I really miss your classes, especially the games可知答案。

53. D。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第一段中的Coco was so embarrassed because Yang started singing a love song to her!可知答案。

54. B。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第二段中的I want to know how to improve my English pronunciation以及because my pronunciation is not as good as most of my classmates可知答案。

55. A。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第二段中的 ... and my family will travel by train to visit my father's parents in Chengdu可知答案。

**B**

【**体裁**】记叙文

【**话题**】日常活动

【**大意**】作者是一名医学院的学生，求学期间受到了他人的帮助。他本人打算毕业后也要去帮助需要帮助的人。

56. A。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第一段中的When I was finishing secondary school以及The school was a small, poor place可知答案。

57. D。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第二段中的 ... then get a 50 minute train to Edinburgh ...可知答案。

58. B。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第三段最后一句Luckily, a businessman helped her out可知答案。

59. C。本小题考查学生推理判断的能力。由第四段第一句She then explained she was setting up a scholarship (奖学金) for any student from her old school who was studying medicine (luckily only one, me!)可知答案。

60. C。本小题考查学生理解具体信息的能力。由最后一段中的I'm in third year now and will hopefully become a doctor可知答案。

**综合填空：**

【**体裁**】记叙文

【**话题**】日常活动

【**大意**】材料讲述了Mr. Smith出门观看一场打斗，却被抢走了毯子的故事。

76. sounded。由上一句中的a terrible noise可知该空选sound，因为动作发生在过去，所以填动词的过去式形式sounded。

77. window(s)。Mr. Smith好奇外面发生了什么，因此他打开“窗户”往外看。

78. continued。上一句提到两个年轻人在他家门口打架，因此该空选continue，因为动作发生在过去，所以填动词的过去式形式continued。

79. to miss。Mr. Smith不想“错过”任何事情，所以他决定出去看个究竟。want后跟动词不定式。

80. himself。因为外面冷，他用毯子把“自己”包裹了起来。该空填反身代词himself作动词wrapped的宾语。

81. clearly。Mr. Smith听不“清楚”他们在吵什么，所以他往近凑了凑。该空填副词来修饰动词hear。

82. disappeared。由下一段Mr. Smith was too old to run after them ...可知那两个人拿了他的毯子后跑了，“消失”在了夜色中。因为动作发生在过去，所以填动 词的过去式形式disappeared。

83. without。Mr. Smith的毯子被抢走了，没有毯子可以裹了，因此该空填without。

84. why。由下一段Mr. Smith的回答It seems that they were fighting for my blanket ...可知他妻子问那两个人“为什么”打架。

85. because。句意：他们似乎是为“我”的毯子而打架，“因为”他们一拿走“我”的毯子就不再打架了。